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LSC Use Only No: LSC Action-Da	ate: UWUCC USE Only No. UW	JCC Action-Date: Senate	Action Date:
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Curriculum Proposal Cover S	Sheet - University-Wide Undergrad	luate Curriculum Con	imittee
Contact Person		Email Address	
Ken Coles		kcoles@iup.edu	
Proposing Department/Unit Phone			
Geoscience - Natural Sciences and	Section (Annual Control Contro	357-5626	
Check all appropriate lines and comp proposal and for each program proposa	•	a separate cover sheet i	for each course
1. Course Proposals (check all that appNew Course	<b>ply)</b> Course Prefix Change	Course Deleti	on
_X_Course Revision	Course Number and/or Title Change	Catalog Descr	ription Change
GEOS 342 Stellar Astronomy			
Current Course prefix, number and full title	Proposed course pre	fix, number and full title, if cha	nging
2. Additional Course Designations: check if appropriate  This course is also proposed as a Liberal Studies Course.  This course is also proposed as an Honors College Course.  Pan-African)			
3. Program Proposals	Catalog Description Change	Program F	Revision
New Degree Program	Program Title Change	Other	
New Minor Program	New Track		
Current program name	Proposed program n	ame, if changing	
4. Approvals	·	I	Date
Department Curriculum Committee Chair(s)	mul De		2/4/08
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College Curriculum Committee Chair	the sind	8	2-11-08
College Dean	Hay Houat	5	2-11-68
Director of Liberal Studies *			
Director of Honors College *			
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Additional signatures as appropriated	taugh Domaruel	u' TECC 1	1-26-09
(include title)	May Com Rafath	Dean COE-ET 1	1-26-09
UWUCC Co-Chairs	Caril Sechust	/	-29-09
* where applicable	Dassi		/

Received

SEP 2 5 2008

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# Part II: Description of the Curriculum Change

## 1. SYLLABUS OF RECORD (NEW)

I. Catalog Description

3 class hours

GEOS 342 Stellar Astronomy

3 lab hours

4 credit hours

Prerequisites: MATH 121, PHYS 111 or instructor permission

(3c-3l-4cr)

Evolution and nature of objects in the universe, including the Sun, stars, and galaxies. Study of methods for gathering astronomical data on motion, distance, and composition.

# **II. Course Objectives**

At the end of this course students will be able to:

- 1. Apply basic science concepts from physics, chemistry, and biology to stellar astronomy; for example, the laws of motion to binary stars.
- 2. Explain how the scientific method has been used to solve questions about the universe; for example, how the size and shape of our galaxy were determined.
- 3. Describe evolution of the Sun, other stars, and galaxies.
- 4. Summarize the uses of modeling, instrumentation, and technology in study of the universe.
- 5. Outline major ideas in cosmology and the history of the universe as a whole.

#### Student outcomes assessment matrix

Conceptual	Content Standard	Course Objective	Assessment
Framework	(NSTA Science		(*denotes
(Danielson Domain)	Teacher		assessment for
	Preparation)		reporting)
1, 3	1a, 1b	1	*Test 1
1, 3	1b, 1d, 2a, 2b, 3a	2	Paper 1, *Paper 2
1	1a	3	Test 1, 2, 3, Paper 1,
			Paper 2
1, 3	1c, 2a	4	Labs and Lab
			quizzes
1, 3	1a, 1b, 2b	5	Test 3, Paper 2

# **III. Course Outline**

# **Lecture**

# Part A (8 academic hours): Methods for Study of the Universe

- 1. Light: Its Nature and What It Tells Us
- 2. Celestial Coordinates and Astronomical Instruments
- 3. History of Ideas About the Universe
- 4. Measuring Distance, Motion, and Composition

# Part B (8 academic hours): Evolution of the Sun and Stars

- 1. Character and History of the Sun
- 2. Star Types and Classification
- 3. Star Evolution

## Part C (8 academic hours): Galaxies and Unusual Stars

- 1. Recognition and Types of Galaxies
- 2. Neutron Stars and Pulsars
- 3. Black Holes and Ouasars

## Part D (8 academic hours): Universe as a whole

- 1. Red Shift and the expanding Universe
- 2. Evidence for Early History of the Universe
- 3. Models and Evidence for the Fate of the Universe
- 4. Possible Environments for Life

# Seven academic hours are allotted to instruction in, and use of, the planetarium.

Correct operation and maintenance of star projector (3 academic hours) Constellation identification and celestial navigation skills (3 academic hours) Student presentations using planetarium projector (1 academic hour)

Three academic hours are allotted to exams during the semester.

Final exam during final exam period.

## Laboratory Exercises (3 academic hours each)

Week 1: Sky Coordinates and Constellations

Week 2: Telescopes

Week 3: Parallax and Distance

Week 4: Sunspots

Week 5: The Aurora and Solar Luminosity
Week 6: Stellar Magnitude and Luminosity
Week 7: Hertzsprung-Russell Diagram

Week 8: Emission Spectra

Week 9: Binary Stars

Week 10: Cepheid Variable Stars
Week 11: Galaxy Classification
Week 12: Hubble Diagram

Two weeks are allocated for evening telescope observations

# **IV. Evaluation Methods**

Each component of the course will contribute to final grade according to:

 Exams
 30%

 Final Exam
 20%

 Assignments
 10%

 Papers
 20%

 Laboratory Exercises
 20%

 Total
 100%

Papers include an expository paper on an astronomical object or phenomenon, a lesson plan and background paper, and a plan for an observing project. Assignments include critiques on assigned reading, in-class quizzes, and problem sets employing ideas and methods of stellar astronomy.

## V. Example Grading Scale

The final grade for this course will be determined using the following schedule:

A=90-100%; B=80-89%, C=70-79%, D=60-69%, F=<60%

## VI. Attendance Policy

The attendance policy will conform to IUP's undergraduate course attendance policy.

# VII. Required textbooks, supplemental books and readings

Moché, D. Astronomy: A Self-Teaching Guide (6th edition). Hoboken, N.J.: John Wiley & Sons, 2004. Approximately six scientific or education papers will be used periodically throughout the course to supplement textbook readings.

# VIII. Special resource requirements

This course will make use of the University planetarium in Weyandt Hall to illustrate various principles of Stellar astronomy and for training students in use of a planetarium projector.

# IX. Bibliography

In addition to the required textbooks and supplemental readings from science and education journals, the following will be used to develop the course curriculum:

- Consolmagno, G. and D. Davis (2000) Turn Left at Orion (3rd edition): Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, England, 224 p.
- Gupta, R., editor (2005) Observer's Handbook 2006 (issued annually): Royal Astronomical Society of Canada, Toronto, 304 p.
- Ottewell, G. (2005) *Astronomical Calendar 2006* (issued annually): Sky Publishing Corp., Cambridge, Mass., 82 p.
- Pasachoff, J. M. (2002) Astronomy: From the Earth to the Universe (6th edition): Thompson Brooks/Cole, Belmont, Calif., USA, 816 p.
- Ridpath, I. (2004) Norton's Star Atlas and Reference Handbook (20th edition): Pi Press/Pearson Education, New York, 196 p.
- Seife, C. (2003) Alpha and Omega: The Search for the Beginning and End of the Universe: Viking, New York, 294 p.

## 2. SUMMARY OF PROPOSED REVISIONS

This course will incorporate the content of GEOS 350, Operation of the Planetarium, which will be deleted from the catalog. As a result, an increase from three to four credits is required.

## 3. JUSTIFICATION/RATIONALE

The course is currently a requirement for the Earth and Space Science Education major. Incorporating the use of the planetarium and other technologies for teaching will reinforce significant concepts in stellar astronomy. The extra lecture hour will permit additional in-depth teaching and learning. For example, the planetarium projector can be used to illustrate why we have seasons, as a model for student presentations on other astronomy topics.

## 4. OLD SYLLABUS OF RECORD

This course predates the syllabus of record system; no prior syllabus of record is on file. The most recent syllabus of instruction is attached.

## Part III. Letters of Support or Acknowledgment

No other departments or programs are affected by this change.

# GEOS 342 - Stellar Astronomy Syllabus - Fall 2007

Dr. Kenneth S. Coles Office: 136 Weyandt Phone: 7-5626

Email: kcoles@iup.edu

Geoscience Dept. Office: 111 Walsh Phone: 7-2379

# Goal

To build a solid understanding of the fundamentals of astronomy, with emphasis on sun, stars, galaxies, the sidereal universe and use of spectroscopy for gathering astronomical data, so that students will be able to incorporate new material into a cohesive whole.

Prerequisites: MATH 121 and PHYS 111

# **Objectives**

## Students will:

1. Relate basic science concepts to their application in astronomy; for example, the laws of motion to binary stars.

- 2. Understand how the scientific method has been used to solve astronomy questions; for example, how the size and shape of our galaxy were determined.
- 3. Demonstrate orally and in writing an understanding of evolution of the Sun, other stars, and the universe as a whole.
- 4. Develop an understanding of the uses of modeling, instrumentation, and technology in astrometric research.
- 5. Improve written synthesis and application of ideas in astronomy in short essays, papers, and lesson plans.
- 6. Develop an appreciation for both the beauty and usefulness of the night sky.

#### **Text**

Astronomy: A Self-Teaching Guide, Moche. 6th edition (2004). Older editions may also be useful. A schedule of assigned readings will be given.

Additional reading from Scientific American Special Edition: <u>The Secret Lives of Stars</u>, 2004 and from some of these journals will also be given: Astronomy, Scientific American, and Sky and Telescope.

Lectures Tues and Thurs 3:30-4:20 P.M, Room 134 Weyandt (Planetarium)

<u>Tues</u>	<u>Thurs</u>		
Aug 28	Aug 30	Position and motion in sky	Position, motion
Sept 4	Sept 6	Light, what it tells us	Light
Sept 11	Sept 13	Astronomical instruments	Radio astronomy
Sept 18	Sept 20	Kepler	Newton, Einstein
Sept 25	Sept 27	Measuring distances	<b>EXAM 1</b>
Oct 2	Oct 4	The Solar nebula	Sun: description
Oct 9	Oct 11	Sun: behavior	Measuring star properties
Oct 16	Oct 18	Star types	Hertzsprung-Russell plot
Oct 23	Oct 25	Star birth	Evolution of small stars
Oct 30	Nov 1	Evolution of large stars	EXAM 2
Nov 6	Nov 8	Wierdness I: neutron stars	Wierdness II: black holes
Nov 13	Nov 15	Discovering our galaxy	Galaxy types, evolution
Nov 27	Nov 29	Cosmos: the red shift	Microwave Background
Dec 4	Dec 6	Cosmos: future universe	Cosmos: early history
Nov 27	Nov 29		

Thursday, December 13, 2007, 12:30 P.M. to 2:30 P.M. - FINAL EXAM

Lab Schedule (specific lab schedule will be given in class)

Tues. 8:00-10:45 A.M. Walsh 103 (lab room)

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Test 1	15%	(covers lectures and labs through Sept. 27)
Test 2	15%	(covers lectures and labs from Oct. 2 to Oct. 30)
Final Exam	20%	(a comprehensive test)
Labs	20%	•
Assignments	10%	
Papers	20%	

The three tests will include short answer questions, essay questions, and problem solving. They will cover the readings, lectures, and labs. The exams are closed book, closed door. I will provide opportunities to practice writing essay answers if they are new to you. Scores of 90-100% earn an A, 80-89% B, 70-79% C, 60-69% D, 59% and below, F.

Assignments, to be done outside class, will include article critiques and short exercises. The first paper is a short explanation of an astronomical object or phenomenon. There will also be two longer written projects. One will be a plan for teaching a lesson and accompanying background paper on a topic in stellar astronomy. The second will be to design and present in some detail an observing project for a student or amateur. Scoring penalties for late work will apply.

#### Student outcomes assessment matrix

Conceptual Framework (Danielson Domain)	Content Standard (NSTA Science Teacher Preparation)	Course Objective	Assessment
I, III	1a, 1b	1	*Test 1
I, III	1b, 1d, 2a, 2b, 3a	2	Paper 1, *Paper 2
I, III	1a	3	Test 1, 2, 3, Paper 1, Paper 2
I, III	1c, 2a	4	Labs and Lab quizzes
I, III	1b, 2b	5	Test 3, Paper 2

<sup>\*</sup>Indicates assessments designated for mean and score range aggregated reporting to NCATE and Middle States accreditation bodies. All work submitted for reporting will be anonymous.