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LSC Use Only Number: Submission Date: Action-Date:	MAY 18 1998 UWUCC USE Only Number: Submission Date: Action-Date: 98-9 98-9 9-29-98
CURRICU University-Wid I. CONTACT	e Undergraduate Curriculum Committee
. Contact PersonMichael	H. KesnerPhone357-2309
DepartmentBiology	
II. PROPOSAL TYPE (Check A	I Appropriate Lines)
Xcourse	Comp Vert Anat
New Course*	Suggested 20 character title Course Number and Full Title
X Course Revision	BI 432/532 Comparative Vertebrate Anatomy Course Number and Full Title
Liberal Studies Apple for new or existing	ng course Course Number and Full Title
Course Deletion	Course Number and Full Title
<u>χ</u> Number and/or Tit	le Change BI 432/532 Comparative Vertebrate Anatomy Old Number and/or Full Old Title
	BI 242 Comparative Vertebrate Anatomy New Number and/or Full New Title
X Course or Catalog	Description Change BI 432/532 Comparative Vertebrate Anatomy Course Number and Full Title
PROGRAM:	Major Minor Track
New Program*	Program Name
Program Revision	The Windows and States

III. Approvals (signatures and date)

One of the Control of the Committee College Curriculum Committee

Program Deletion* _

Title Change _

Department Chair

Program Name

Program Name

Old Program Name

New Program Name

SI 20 3/12/98

*Provost (where applicable)

⁺ Director of Liberal Studies (where applicable)

Part II.

1. A Complete Catalog Description with the New Number, Title, Number of Credits, Prerequisites, and an Appropriately Written Course Description

I. Catalog Description

BI 242 Comparative Vertebrate Anatomy

3 credits 2 lecture hours 3 lab hours (3c-2l-3sh)

Prerequisites: BI 220

An investigation of the comparative structure and function of the vertebrate body with emphasis on the diverse solutions to the problem of design for survival and the evolutionary mechanisms that provide those solutions.

II. Course objectives

- 1. Students will know the basic structure and function of the vertebrate body plan.
- 2. Students will learn the diversity of vertebrate solutions to the problem of design for survival.
- 3. Students will learn the often-exact nature of the match between form and function (adaptation) this is common but <u>not</u> universal.
- 4. Students will learn the value of evolutionary theory in ordering the information contained in items 2. and 3. above.
- III. Course Outline This course will integrate lecture and lab. Lecture will continue until you have background for a given laboratory experience, we will then work with the laboratory material to reinforce the lecture. In the following table, [brackets] indicate lab topics.

LECTURE/[LAB TOPIC]	Week	LECTURE READINGS (Kardong)	LAB READINGS (Feduccia)
Scientific method, phylogenetic principles, vertebrate phylogeny[Branchiostoma & fishes lab]	1	Chapter 1, 2, 3	Chapter 1
Vertebrate skull: overview/ [skull lab 1 - chondrocranium]	2	Chapter 7	Chapter 4
Vertebrate skull: detail/ [skull lab 2 – splanchnocranium; skull lab 3 - dermatocranium]]	3	Chapter 7	Chapter 4
EXAMINATION Axial, post cranial skeleton lec & [lab]	4	Chapter 8	Chapter 4
Appendicular skeleton lecture & [lab] Locomotion: swimming, cursorial lec & [lab]	5	Chapter 9 Chapters 4,10	Chapter 4
Locomotion: flight Muscles: red & white, branchiomeric [shark musculature]	6	Chapter 4,10 Chapter 10	Chapter 5
Carnegie Museum visit Muscles lecture 2 [Necturus musculature]	7	Chapter 10	Chapter 5
[Mammalian musculature] EXAMINATION	8	Chapter 10	Chapter 5

Digestive Respiratory lecture 1[shark & Necturus digestive	9	Chapter 13 Chapter 11	Chapter 8 Chapter 8
& respiratory]			
Respiratory lecture 2 [mammalian digestive &	10	Chapter 11	Chapter 8
respiratory]	1	Chapter 12	Chapter 9
Circulatory: fish/[shark circulatory]			
Circulatory: tetrapods / [shark-mammal	11	Chapter 12	Chapter 9
circulatory]			
Circulatory: thermoregulation/ [mammal	1	Chapter 12	Chapter 9
circulatory]			
EXAMINATION	12		
Urogenital lecture 1		Chapter 14	
Urogenital lecture 2/ [urogenital lab]	13	Chapter 14	Chapter 10
Sensory: radiation receptors		Chapter 17,16	Chapter 7
Intro Central Nervous System/ [shark nervous]			
Sensory: mechanorecptors & electroreceptors/	14	Chapter 17	Chapter 7
[sensory]		Chapter 16	Chapter 7
Nervous system/[mammalian nervous]			
FINAL EXAMINATION	15		

IV. Evaluation Methods

The final grade for the course will be determined as follows:

- 90% Tests. Four tests (3 during the semester plus the final) each of which will contain a lecture portion (75 points) and a laboratory portion (25 points). The lecture portions of the each exam will be of the mixed subjective-objective type with (typically) a series of short answer (e.g. identification, matching), a series of short essay (e.g. "answer 7 of the following 8 questions") and some longer essay questions (e.g., "answer 3 of the following 4 questions completely"). The laboratory portion of the exam will be primarily identification.
- 10% Student Examination Questions. Each student will be required to submit 3 sets of 2 examination questions which each set worth 15 points each (see attached Appendix A: "Required Examination Questions BI 242" for details)

A student amassing 90% or more of the total points available will receive an "A", those amassing 80-89% will receive a "B", 70-79% a "C", 60-69% a "D" and 59% and lower a "F".

V. Required textbooks, supplemental books and readings

Textbook: <u>Vertebrates: Comparative Anatomy, Function, Evolution,</u> by K. V.

Kardong, 1995

Laboratory textbook: <u>Structure and Function of Vertebrates</u> by A. Feduccia, 1975

VI. Special resource requirements

Dissection kit

Latex gloves (if you don't want the hamburger you eat after class to taste like a dead, pickled shark)

VI Bibliography

Feduccia, A. and E. McCrady. 1991. Torrey's Morphogenesis of the Vertebrates, 5th Edition. John Wiley and Sons, New York. 517pp.

- Hildebrand, M. 1995. Analysis of Vertebrate Structure, 4th Edition. John Wiley and Sons, New York. 657pp.
- Randall, D., W. Burggren and K. French. 1997. Eckert Animal Physiology, 4th Edition. W. H. Freeman and Co., New York. 728pp.
- Strickberger, M. W. 1996. Evolution, 2nd Edition. Jones and Bartlett Publishers, New York. 670pp.
- Telford, I. R. and G. F. Bridgeman. 1990. Introduction to Functional Histology. Harper and Row Publishers, New York. 598pp.
- Walker, W. F. Jr. and K. F. Liem. 1994. Functional Anatomy of the Vertebrates, 2nd Edition. Saunders College Publishing, Forth Worth, Texas. 788pp.
- Wolff, R. G. 1991. Functional Chordate Anatomy. D. C. Heath and Co., Lexington, Massachusetts. 752pp.

2. A Listing of the Proposed Change(s) Giving the Old Title and Number and the New Title and Number, the Old Course or Catalog Description and the Revised Description and a Summary of the Proposed Revisions

Old title and number: Bl432/532 Comparative Vertebrate Anatomy New title and number: Bl242 Comparative Vertebrate Anatomy

Old course description: Discussion of anatomy of representative vertebrates from a comparative point of view. Stresses major organization changes observed in vertebrate history. Two hours lecture, three hours lab per week.

New course description: An investigation of the comparative structure and function of the vertebrate body with emphasis on the diverse solutions to the problem of design for survival and the evolutionary mechanisms that provide those solutions.

Summary of the proposed revisions: Comparative Vertebrate Anatomy will be revised to

- better reflect the content of the field
- make the course available to students earlier in their tenure at IUP by changing the course number from Bl432/532 to Bl242
- change the current weekly schedule of 2 hours of lecture, 3 hours of lab spread over three meetings per week to two 2 1/2 hour integrated lecture/lab meetings per week.

3. Justification/Rationale for the Revision

The purpose of this revision is to:

- 1. update course content
- 2. assure that students have earlier access to a basic vertebrate anatomy course
- 3. restructure the course to allow for better integration of lecture and laboratory.

The field of comparative anatomy has changed over the last 20 years with an increasing emphasis on functional morphology (please note the repeated appearance of the word "function" in the titles of bibliography listed above). The core of the field remains an evaluation of the structure of vertebrates in the context of evolutionary theory, but it is now widely recognized that any evaluation of the selective advantage of a structure must include an analysis of the functioning of that structure. The revised course states that a full appreciation of vertebrate anatomy is possible only if both structure and function are studied in the context of evolutionary theory.

The Biology Department continues to have a large number of students whose interest lies primarily in vertebrate zoology (e.g. our pre-professional students). Although students do have (limited) exposure to the basic vertebrate body plan in BI 112 Principles of Biology II and BI220 General Zoology, there is a need for access to a more intensive study of vertebrate anatomy

early in the curriculum. These goals will be accomplished by changing Comparative Vertebrate Anatomy from BI432/532 (a senior-graduate course) to BI242 (a sophomore level course). Typically our majors complete BI111 Principles of Biology I and BI112 Principles of Biology II in their freshman year. They then (typically) take BI220 General Zoology in their sophomore year. The revision will position Comparative Vertebrate Anatomy to allow those students whose primary interest is in vertebrate zoology to take Comparative Vertebrae Anatomy following BI220 but prior to courses in areas such as physiology, evolution, developmental biology and ecology. In this way the students can obtain a detailed appreciation for the vertebrate body plan early enough for this information to provide a solid foundation for the remainder of the curriculum.

Anatomy is an extremely visual course with no substitute for hands-on investigation of the organism under study. Over the past several years, experimentation has revealed that a discussion of the functioning of (for example) the ruminant stomach, immediately followed by an investigation of a prepared cow stomach and comparison with the non-ruminate condition in cats, rats, rabbits and humans is much more effective than the more traditional separation (in time and space) of the lecture and lab. It required several years to work out the mechanics but the students have benefited from the immediate reinforcement of the material presented in lecture. It is therefore proposed that in the future Comparative Vertebrate Anatomy be scheduled for two 2 1/2 blocks of time per week instead of the traditional 2 lecture hours with a separate 3-hour lab.

Catalog Information

BI 432/532 COMPARATIVE VERTEBRATE ANATOMY Prerequisite BI 120

3 cr.

Discussion of anatomy of representative vertebrates from a comparative point of view. Stresses major organization changes observed in vertebrate history. Two hours lecture, three hours lab per week.

Syllabus Content:

- I. Summary of objectives:
 - A. Obtain a knowledge of the vertebrate body plan.
 - B. Obtain an understanding of the modifications of the basic vertebrate body plan through the process of evolution.
 - C. Obtain a knowledge of the major concepts and methodologies of vertebrate functional anatomy.

II. Evaluation Techniques:

REQUIREMENTS

- 3 Lecture Examinations, Semi-cumulative 100 pts each
- 2 Laboratory Practicals, Non-cumulative 100 pts each
- 1 page written synopsis of a current journal article with background information as necessary 25 pts

Undergraduates only

Option 1 - A 2nd written synopsis (1 page) of a current journal article - 35 pts

Option 2 - A term paper - 100 pts

Graduate Students - A term paper - 100 pts

III. Lecture topical outline:

Text: Functional Anatomy of the Vertebrates by W.F. Walker

TOPIC	No. LECTURES	READINGS
Vertebrate Embryology	1	Chap 4
Phylogenetic Principles	1	Chap 1
Vertebrate Phylogeny	2	Chap 3
Skeletal System	4	Chap 6,7,8
EXAMINATION		. -
Muscular System	· 2	Chap 9
Mechanics of Movement	2	chap 7,8 (parts)
Digestive System	2	Chap 14, 15
Resiratory System	1	Chap 16
Circulatory System	2	Chap 17
EXAMINATION		
Urogenital System	2	Chap 18,19

Nervous System	4	Chap 11,12
Ear and Lateral Line	1	Chap 10
Eye	2	Chap 10
FINAL EXAMINATION		•

IV. Text: Structure and Evolution of Vertebrates by A. Feduccia

TOPIC	No. LABORATORIES	READINGS
Amphioxus, Cranial Skeleton	1	Chap 1,4
Cranial Skeleton	1	Chap 4
Postcranial Skeleton	1	Chap 5
Musculature	2	Chap 6
LABORATORY EXAMINATION		_
Carnegie Museum Visit	1	•
Digestive System	1	Chap 8
Circulatory System	2	Chap 9
Urogenital System	1 .	Chap 10
Nervous System	1	Chap 7
Review	1	_
FINAL LABORATORY EXAMIN	ATION	