CURRICULUM PROPOSAL COVER SHEET University-Wide Undergraduate Curriculum Committee

Number <u>LS8</u> Action <u>Approved</u> Date <u>4/13/89</u>	UWUCC Use Only Number Action Date
I. TITLE/AUTHOR OF CHANGE COURSE/PROGRAM TITLECulture Area Studies: Africa DEPARTMENTSociology/Anthropology CONTACT PERSON _Dr. Miriam Chaiken or Dr. Laurence Kruc	
II. THIS COURSE IS BEING PROPOSED FOR: Course Approval Only Course Approval and Liberal Studies Appro Liberal Studies Approval only (course prepared by the University Senate)	
III. APPROVALS	Jauber)
Collège Curriculum Committee Collège De Director of Liberal Studies (where applicable) Provost (where applicable)	
*College Dean must consult with Provost curriculum changes. Approval by College Dean proposed change is consistent with long range p that all requests for resources made as part of be met, and that the proposal has the support administration.	indicates that the lanning documents, f the proposal car
IV. TIMETABLE	
	e to be published Catalog <u>1989</u>

Revised 5/88

[Attach remaining parts of proposal to this form.]

CATALOGUE DESCRIPTION - CULTURES OF AFRICA

3 Semester Hours Credit

This course will explore the cultural diversity of the continent of Africa. The first unit will examine the historical processes which shaped modern society, including the formation of indigenous African empires, the evidence for trade routes, slave raiding, and colonialism. The second unit will examine the nature of African traditional societies, including analyses of forager, pastoralist, and agricultural groups. The last unit will cover issues of contemporary development in Africa, such as famine and agricultural policy, the status of women in economic development, and apartheid. Reading will include ethnographic and historical accounts of African society as well as selections by African writers on the issues of contemporary society.

SYLLABUS CULTURES OF AFRICA

Instructor: Dr. Miriam Chaiken

Description of the course: This course will examine the societies of Africa, both historical and modern, specifically concentrating on Twentieth century change and its consequences. The first part of the course will focus on the history of Africa, starting with the indigenous social organization, and then examining the effects of slavery, the spread of Islam, and colonialism. The second major theme of the course is to describe the nature of traditional societies, from hunting and gathering band level groups, to pastoral systems, to various agricultural societies. The final segment of the course will emphasize issues of development and social change in African society.

Requirements of the course: your grade will be based on oral and written book reviews, and two essay examinations. There will be three book reviews and oral presentations for each student, the first subject will be one of the classic ethnographies of an African culture, the second will be on African expression (a novel or political essay by an African writer), and the final book will be focused on some development issue. A list of books from which you may select will be distributed at a later date. Each book review and each oral presentation will count for 10% of your course grade.

There will be a midterm and a non-comprehensive final exam, both essay in format. Each exam will count for 20% of your final grade.

Required reading: In addition to the three books you will be required to read for your book reviews, the following books are required reading and are available at the Student Co-op Bookstore.

Schneider, H. <u>The Africans</u> Lee, Richard <u>The Dobe Kung</u> Paton, Alan <u>Cry. The Beloved Country</u> Robertson, A.F. <u>Community of Strangers</u>

COURSE OUTLINE

TOPIC

READING ASSIGNMENT

I. Introduction (one lecture)

HISTORICAL DEVELOPMENT OF THE CONTINENT

II. History of Africa (three weeks)
Indigenous Kingdoms
film: Ancient Africa
Slavery and the Slave Trade
The Spread of Islam
Colonialism
Independence struggles
film: New Conflicts

Schneider, Chs. 1 & 2 plus your first ethnography

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- III. Early Ethnographic Research (one week)
- IV. Student Presentations I The Classic Ethnographies (two classes)

INDIGENOUS AFRICAN SOCIETIES

V. Traditional Hunter-Forager Societies (two weeks)

Ecological niches and cultural Schneider Chs. 3, 4,

adaptations 5, and 6

Central African Pygmies Dobe Kung adaptation and

culture change

Film: N!ai: Story of a

Film: N!ai: Story of a Kung Woman

VI. Traditional Pastoral Societies (one week)
Karamojong to Luo transition read your selection on sedentarization of nomads
W. African nomads
film: Kenya Boran

MIDTERM EXAM

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- VII. Student Presentations II. Examples of African Expression (two classes)
- VIII. Traditional Agricultural Societies (one week)
 Subsistence agriculture and Community of Strangers
 environment
 introduction of market economies
 Discussion: Community of Strangers

DEVELOPMENT AND CONTEMPORARY ISSUES (four weeks)

- IX. Environment and Economic Change Schneider, Ch. 9 begin reading devel. bk
- X. Status and Roles of African Women
- XI. Health and Population Issues film: Maragoli
- XII. Agricultural Change, Food Security, and Famine Cash cropping and its consequences Farming systems research and the quest for food security

 Famine early warning systems cultural and environmental data

 Film: Politics of Food
- XIII. Apartheid, and other evils

 historical development and economic

 foundations of apartheid

 modern apartheid and lifestyles of

 black vs. white

 Film: Children of Apartheid

 Tribalism The S.M. Otieno case
- XIV. Student Presentations III. Development Issues (two classes)
- XV. FINAL EXAMINATION

BIBLIOGRAPHY CULTURES OF AFRICA®

Allan, W.

1965 The African Husbandmen.

Asad, Talal

Anthropology and the Colonial Encounter.

Ayot, Henry Okello

1979 A History of the Luo-Abasuba of Western Kenya from AD 1760 -1940.

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Barnett, Tony

1977 The Gezira Scheme. An Illusion of Development.

Arens, William ed.

1976 A Century of Change in Eastern Africa.

Beattie, John

1960 Bunyoro, An African Kingdom.

Boamah-Wiafe, Daniel

1987 Africa Today. Its Peoples and Contemporary Cultures.

Bohannan, Paul & Philip Curtin, eds.

1971 Africa & Africans.

Bohannan, Paul & George Dalton eds.

1962 Markets in Africa.

Bohannan, Laura & Paul Bohannan

1953 The Tiv of Central Nigeria.

Bookman, A.E.

1973 The Changing Economic role of Luo Women. A Historical and Ethnographic Approach.

full references will be provided, if requested.

Bradbury, R. E.

1957 The Benin Kingdom and the Edo-Speaking Peoples of South-Western Nigeria.

Brokensha, David and Peter Little, eds.
1988 Anthropology of Development and Change in East Africa.

Burton, John W.

1987 A Nilotic World. The Atuot-speaking Peoples of the Souther Sudan.

Caton-Thompson, Gertrude
1971 The Zimbabwe Culture: Ruins and Reactions.

Clark, J. Desmond & Steven A. Brandt, eds.

From Hunters to Farmers. The Causes & Consequences of Food
Production in Africa.

Collins, Robert O., ed.
1970 Problems in the History of Colonial Africa.

Colson, Elizabeth
1958 Marriage & the Family Among the Plateau Tonga of N. Rhodesia.

Colson, Elizabeth
1962 The Plateau Tonga of N. Rhodesia. Social & Religious Studies.

Curtin, Philip D., ed.
1972 Africa & the West, Intellectual Responses to European Culture.

Curtin, Philip D., ed.
1967 Africa Remembered; narratives from the era of the slave trade.

Curtin, Philip D.
1964 African History.

Davidson, Basil 1966 Africa: history of a continent.

Davidson, Basil
1970 The African Genius: An Introduction to African Cultural and
Social History.

Davidson, B. ed.

1966 African Kingdoms.

Dennett, Richard Edward

1968 Nigerian Studies. The Religious and Political System of the Yoruba.

Doke, Clement Martyn

1970 The Lambas of Northern Rhodesia.

Douglas, Mary

1963 The Lele of the Kasai.

Evans-Pritchard, E.E.

1950 "Marriage Customs of the Luo of Kenya" Africa.

Evans-Pritchard, E.E.

1937 Witchcraft, Oracles and Magic Among the Azande.

Evans-Pritchard, E.E.

1951 Kinship & Marriage Among the Nuer.

Evans-Pritchard, E.E.

1940 The Nuer.

Forde, Cyril Daryll & G.I. Jones

1950 The Ibo & Ibibio Speaking Peoples of South-Eastern Nigeria.

Forde, C. Daryll

1964 Yako Studies.

Fortes, Meyer

1967 The Dynamics of Clanship Among the Tallensi.

Fortes, Meyer

1967 The Web of Kinship Among the Tallensi.

Fyfe, Christopher, ed.

1976 African Studies Since 1945: A Tribute to Basil Davidson.

Gamble, David P.

1957 The Wolof of Senegambia.

Gluckman, Max

1956 Custom & Conflict in Africa.

Gibbs, James L., ed.

1978 Peoples of Africa.

Hafkin, Nancy & Edna G. Bay, eds.

1976 Women in Africa: Studies in Social and Economic Change.

Hakansson, N. Thomas

1986 "Landless Gusii Women: A Result of Customary Land Law and Modern Marriage Patterns." Working Papers in African Studies No. 29.

Harrell-Bond, B.E.

1986 Imposing Aid: Emergency Aid to Refugees.

Hay, Margaret Jean & Sharon Stichter

1984 African Women.

Herskovits, Melville J.

1967 Dahomey, an Ancient West African Kingdom.

Hill, Polly

1972 Rural Hausa: A Village and a Setting.

Hill, Polly

1963 The Migrant Cocoa-Farmers of Southern Ghana. A Study in Rural Capitalism.

Horowitz, Michael, & Thomas Painter

1986 Anthropology and Rural Development in West Africa.

Hyden, Goran

1980 Beyond Ujamaa in Tanzania.

Jansson, Kurt et.ai.

1987 The Ethiopian Famine.

Kaberry, Phyllis

Woman of the Grassfields.

Kesby, John D.

1977 The Cultural Regions of East Africa.

Kjekshus, Heige

1982 Ecology, Control and Economic Development in E. African History.

Kuper, Adam

1987 South Africa & the Anthropologist.

Kuper, Hilda

1986 The Swazi: A South African Kingdom, 2nd ed.

Lamb, David

1982 The Africans.

Lee, Richard, B., and Irven DeVore, eds.

1976 Kalahari Hunter-Gatherers: Studies of the !Kung San and their Neighbors.

Mair, Lucy

1977 African Kingdoms.

Mair, Lucy P. & Gunter Wagner

1970 The Bantu of Western Kenya: With Special Reference to the Vugusu and Logoli.

Marchal, J.Y.

1985 Yatenga: Nord Haute Volta.

Marshall, Lorna

1976 The Kung of Nyae Nyae.

MacGaffey, Wyatt

1987 Religion and Society in Central Africa.

Miers, Suzanne & Igor Kopytoff, eds.

1977 Slavery in Africa: Historical and Anthropological Perspectives.

Middleton, John & David Tait, eds.

1958 Tribes Without Rulers, Studies In African Segmentary Systems.

Nadel, Siegfried Frederick

1942 A Black Byzantium: The Kingdom of Nupe in Nigeria.

Nadel, S.F.

1954 Nupe Religion.

Nelson, Harold D., ed.

1981 South Africa, a country Study.

Northrup, David

1978 Trade Without Rulers - Precolonial Economic Development in S.E. Nigeria.

Oboler, Regina Smith

1985 Women, Power, and Econmic Change. The Nandi of Kenya.

Odede, Walter

1942 "Luo Customs with Regard to Animals (with Particular Reference to Cattle)" Journal of East Africa & Uganda Natural History Society

Onwuejeogwu, M.

1975 The Social Anthropology of Africa: an introduction.

Parkin, David J.

1972 Palms, Wine and Witnesses.

Parkin, D.

1975 Town & Country in Central and Eastern Africa.

Potash, B.

1978 "Some Aspects of Marital Stability in a Rural Luo Community"
Africa.

Ray, B.C.

1976 African Religions.

Richards, Audrey I.

1952 Economic Development & Tribai Change: A Study of Immigrant Labor in Buganda.

Richards, Audrey I

1948 Hunger & Work in a Savage Tribe.

Richards, Audrey I

1939 Land Labour, and Diet in Northern Rhodesia.

Rigby, Peter

1969 Cattle & Kinship Among the Gogo.

Rogers, Barbara

1976 White Wealth & Black Poverty: American Investments in Southern Africa.

Rotberg, Robert I.

1980 Suffer the Future: Policy Choices in Southern Africa.

Schapera, Isaac

1952 The Ethnic Composition of the Tswana Tribes.

Seligman, C.G. & B.Z. Seligman

1932 Pagan Tribes of the Nilotic Sudan.

Shostak, Majorie

1977 "Life before Horticulture: An African Gathering and Hunting Society."

Shostak, M.

1982 Nisa: The Story of a Kung Woman.

Skinner, Elliott Percival

1973 Peoples and Cultures of Africa.

Skinner, Elliott Percival

1964 The Mossi of Upper Volta.

Smith, Michael Garfield

1955 The Economy of Hausa Communities of Zaria.

Southall, Aidan

1952 Lineage Formation Among the Luo.

Southall, Aidan W.

1956 Alur Society.

Stenning, D.J.

1959 Savannah Nomads: A Study of the Wodaabe Pastoral Fulani of Western Bornu Province, Northern Region, Nigeria.

Turnbull, Colin 1962 The Forest People.

Turnbull, Colin 1976 Man in Africa.

Turnbull, Colin
1972 The Mountain People.

Vincent, Joan 1982 Teso in Transformation.

Were, Gideon
1985 Women and Development in Africa.

Wilson, Monica 1951 Good Company: A Study of Nyakyusa Age Villages.

Wilson, Monica

1971 Religion & the Transformation of Society: A Study in Social Change in Africa.

Wilson, Monica
1963 Good Company: A Study of Nyakyusa Age-Villages.

Woods, Donald 1986 Apartheid.

Woods, Donald 1982 Biko.

Journals frequently consulted (IUP holdings)

Africa African Affairs Human Organization Human Ecology

LIBERAL STUDIES COURSE APPROVAL FORM

About this form: Use this form only if you wish to have a course included for Liberal Studies credit. The form is intended to assist you in developing your course to meet the university's Criteria for Liberal Studies, and to arrange your proposal in a standard order for consideration by the LSC and the UWUCC. If you have questions, contact the Liberal Studies Office, 353 Sutton Hall; telephone, 357-5715.

Do not use this form for technical, professional, or pre-professional courses or for remedial courses, none of which is eligible for Liberal Studies. Do not use this form for sections of the synthesis course or for writing-intensive sections; different forms will be available for those.

PART I. BASIC INFORMATION

A.	For which category(ies) are you proposing the course? Check all that apply.
	LEARNING SKILLS
	First English Composition Course Second English Composition Course Mathematics
	KNOWLEDGE AREAS
	Humanities: History Humanities: Philosophy/Religious Studies Humanities: Literature Fine Arts Natural Sciences: Laboratory Course Natural Sciences: Non-laboratory Course Social Sciences Health and Wellness Non-Western Cultures Liberal Studies Elective
B.	Are you requesting regular or provisional approval for this course?
	Regular Provisional (limitations apply, see instructions)
Sh Ge	During the transition from General Education to Liberal Studies ould this course be listed as an approved substitute for a current neral Education course, thus allowing it to meet any remaining neral Education needs?

If so. which General Education course(s)?_

PART II. WHICH LIBERAL STUDIES GOALS WILL YOUR COURSE MEET? Check all that apply and attach an explanation.

All Liberal Studies courses must contribute to at least one of these goals; most will meet more than one. As you check them off, please indicate whether you consider them to be primary or secondary goals of the course. If or example, a history course might assume "historical consciousness" and "acquiring a body of knowledge" as its primary goals, but it might also enhance inquiry skills or literacy or library skills. Keep in mind that no single course is expected to shoulder all by itself the responsibility for meeting these goals; our work is supported and enhanced by that of our colleagues teaching other courses.

		LLIMALY.	SCCRUSELY
A.	Intellectual Skills and Modes of Thinking:		
	 Inquiry, abstract logical thinking, critical analysis, synthesis, decision making, and other aspects of the critical process. 	<u> </u>	-
	2. Literacy-writing, reading, speaking, listening		-
	3. Understanding numerical data		
	4. Historical consciousness	/	:
	5. Scientific inquiry	·	/
	Values (ethical mode of thinking or application of ethical perception)		
	7. Aesthetic mode of thinking		
B.	Acquiring a Body of Knowledge or Under- standing Essential to an Educated Person	<u></u>	
C.	Understanding the Physical Nature of Human Beings		
D.	Certain Collateral Skills:		
	1. Use of the library		
•	2. Use of computing technology		

LIBERAL STUDIES COURSE APPROVAL FORM

PART II. A - D - EXPLANATION OF WHICH GOALS ARE MET BY THIS COURSE

This course is designed to stimulate student's interest in and awareness of African cultures. No single course could be an exhaustive analysis of a continent as culturally and environmentally diverse as Africa, but this course will introduce students to themes and issues which are important for understanding contemporary African societies.

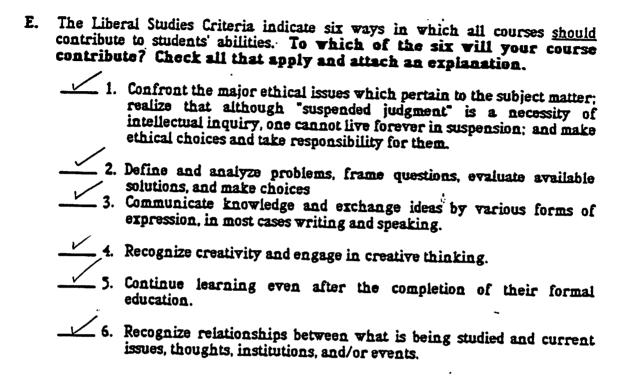
In order to accomplish this objective, students will be exposed to both historical accounts of Africa (history of slave trading and colonialism, origins of indigenous empires, Islamicization) and ethnographies written early in the 20th Century which portray the continent before the influences of colonialism and independence were pronounced. Students will also be challenged to critically analyze the contemporary problems of Africa (famine and inadequate food production, apartheid, etc.) in light of literature by and about Africans. This combination of anthropological holism, historical consciousness, and various contemporary view points should help students to learn to critically analyze social phenomena while simultaneously gaining inter-cultural-understanding.

Specific skill acquisition which will be enhanced by this course includes library research skills and oral and written communication. Each student will have several short papers to prepare and will then be required to report informally in class on the material they collected for their papers.

Part E. - This course will fulfill the role of the classic liberal arts course as it combines various types of information (historical, ethnographic, autobiographical accounts, political treatises) to pursue a holistic view of contemporary African societies. Students will use growing historical and social consciousness to confront critical contemporary issues (such as Apartheid, economic underdevelopment, persistent poverty, and recurrent famine), with the objective of coming to understand the etiology of and possible solutions to such social issues. My goal is that students who have completed this course will never again sit passively while the evening news reports another calamity in Africa -- I hope they will understand the conditions which precipitate African problems, and the role that our society has directly or indirectly had in contributing to African underdevelopment.

Each student will have several opportunities to prepare short papers and present them in class, and each will be expected to read several original works (ethnographies or works by African writers) and participate in class discussions. This "seminar" format will enhance communication and analysis skills.

Liberal Studies Form - 4



PART IV. DOES YOUR COURSE MEET THE CRITERIA FOR THE CURRICULUM CATEGORY IN WHICH IT IS TO BE LISTED?

Each curriculum category has its own set of specific criteria in addition to those generally applicable. The LSC provides copies of these criteria arranged in a convenient, check-list format which you can mark off appropriately and include with your proposal. The attached syllabus should indicate how your course meets each criterion you check. If it does not do so explicitly, please attach an explanation.

- PART III. HOW DOES COURSE MEET GENERAL LIBERAL STUDIES CRITERIA?
- A. This course will not be multiple section, multiple-instructor.
- B. This course is inter-cultural in focus, and the cultures which are examined are all Non-Western. The position of women is examined peripherally in discussions of family life and division of labor, and is examined in detail in a unit on women and development in Africa.
- C. The current required reading list includes one work of fiction by an Anglo-African writer and several ethnographies of African cultures prepared by anthropologists. In addition, the supplementary reading requirements (for the book reviews) results in each student reading a classic (pre-Independence) ethnography of an African culture, a book written by an African writer (either a work of fiction or a political analysis), and finally a scholarly book on some issue of contemporary economic development in Africa. No real textbook is used in the course. The reading requirements for this course are in many ways more demanding than most undergraduate courses.
- D. This is not an introductory course, it is numbered in the 200 level sequence, but will not have a prerequisite. The course is intended for interested students with no background in African studies and if demand warrants the addition, a second majors only advance course will be offered.

Past course offering has demonstrated that at least half of the students who enroll in the course are not majors in Anthropology, but students in cognate fields of history, geography, political science, or international studies. It is expected that these students will continue to show interest in the subject.

E. This course will increase student's understanding of the cultural diversity of the continent of Africa, and will simultaneously attempt to increase their understanding of contemporary issues which affect us as Americans, such as apartheid in South Africa and the problems of persistent, recurrent famine in Africa. The critical analyses of these and other issues will help students understand the complex factors which have contributed to such problems, and will allow them to explore means of solving them, both from the perspective of Africans themselves and from the view of American foreign policy.

CHECK LIST -- NON-WESTERN CULTURES

Knowledge Area Criteria which the course must meet:		
	Treat concepts, themes, and events in sufficient depth to enable students to appreciate the complexity, history, and current implications of what is being studied; and not be merely cursory coverages of lists of topics.	
	Suggest the major intellectual questions/problems which interest practitioners of a discipline and explore critically the important theories and principles presented by the discipline.	
1/	Allow students to understand and apply the methods of inquiry and vocabulary commonly used in the discipline.	
<u>:/</u>	Encourage students to use and enhance, wherever possible, the composition and mathematics skills built in the Skill Areas of Liberal Studies.	
Non-Y	Festern Culture Criteria which the course must meet:	
<u></u>	Develop an understanding of contemporary cultures that differ substantially from the prevailing cultures of the United States, Canada, Western Europe, New Zealand, and Australia.	
	Present cultures on their own terms with an appreciation of their dimensions, going beyond mere description of a culture. Those dimensions may include religion, economics, politics, art, language, literature, ethics, as well as other dimensions of the cultural milieu.	
<u> </u>	Address, where appropriate, the experience of women and/or the roles of men and women.	
Additi	onal Non-Vestern Culture Criteria which the course should meet:	
1	Encourage the use of indigenous material whenever possible rather than rely on secondary instructional material, reviews of the Itierature, or textbooks exclusively.	
	Encourage the student to acquire cultural appreciation and understanding, and provide students with an opportunity to demonstrate the ability to analyze and synthesize information about the culture.	

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CHECK LIST -- LIBERAL STUDIES ELECTIVES

Knowledge Area Criteria which the course must meet:				
<u>·</u>	Treat concepts, themes, and events in sufficient depth to enable students to appreciate the complexity, history, and current implications of what is being studied: and not be merely cursory coverages of lists of topics.			
	Suggest the major intellectual questions/problems which interest practitioners of a discipline and explore critically the important theories and principles presented by the discipline.			
/	Allow students to understand and apply the methods of inquiry and vocabulary commonly used in the discipline.			
	Encourage students to use and enhance, wherever possible, the composition and mathematics skills built in the Skill Areas of Liberal Studies.			
Liberal Studies Elective Criteria which the course must meet:				
	Meet the "General Criteria Which Apply to All Liberal Studies Courses."			
	Not be a technical, professional, or pre-professional course.			
	Funtancian			

Explanation: Appropriate courses are to be characterized by learning in its broad, liberal sense rather than in the sense of technique or professional proficiency. For instance, assuming it met all the other criteria for Liberal Studies, a course in "Theater History" might be appropriate, while one in "The Craft of Set Construction" probably would not; or, a course in "Modern American Poetry" might be appropriate, while one in "New Techniques for Teaching Writing in the Secondary Schools" probably would not; or, a course on "Mass Media and American Society" might be appropriate, while one in "Television Production Skills" probably would not; or, a course in "Human Anatomy" might be appropriate, while one in "Strategies for Biological Field Work" probably would not; or, a course in "Beginning French" might be appropriate, while one in "Practical Methods for Professional Translators" probably would not.