

Dangerous Conditions

Countermeasures for Driving in, Rain and Snow

Reduce speed according to visibility and road conditions, but do not stop in travel lane or on shoulder near road

For blizzard or white-out conditions, look for exit from bigbway and turn on radio

for exit from highway and turn on radio for weather report.

If impossible to leave highway, stop beyond end outside of guardrail. Turn headlights to low beams Turn on emergency flashers

SKIDS

Skidding is the lack steering, braking, and acceleration control due to the loss of traction /rolling friction between the tires and road surface.

Roadway and Weather Conditions

- · Ice-black ice, glare ice, freezing rain, sleet
- Snow- blizzard, squalls, blowing snow
- Slush
- Water*-rain, flooding, ponding = Hydroplaning
- Oil
- Mud
- Wet leaves
- Sand, gravel, anti-skid material on dry roads.
 When combined with:

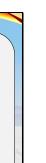
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Driver Error

Driving too fast for conditions

Sudden steering Sudden braking

Sudden accelerations

Driver Error +Road Conditions=SKIDS





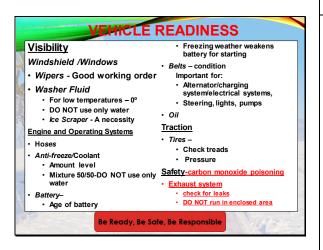




Dangerous Conditions
Countermeasures for Driving in Rain and
Snow
WINTER



Stop, Think, and Go:
Decision Making
RISK MANAGEMENT
Is my car equipped for the weather?
Can I make this trip later?
What would be the safest route?
Am I prepared for emergencies?



Vehicle Readiness Visibility

Windshield /Windows

- Wipers Good working order
- Washer Fluid
 - For low temperatures 0°
 - DO NOT use only water
 - Ice Scraper A necessity

Engine and Operating Systems

- Hoses
- Anti-freeze/Coolant
 - Amount level
 - Mixture 50/50-DO NOT use only water

- Battery—
 - · Age of battery
 - Freezing weather weakens battery for starting
- Belts condition Important for:
 - Alternator/charging system/electrical systems,
 - · Steering, lights, pumps
- Oil

Traction

- Tires
 - Check treads
 - Pressure

Safety-carbon monoxide poisoning

- Exhaust system
 - · check for leaks
 - DO NOT run in enclosed area

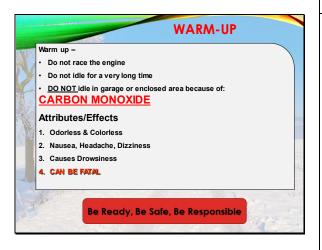


WINTER CAR KIT

- SNOW BRUSH W/ SCRAPER
- FLASHLIGHT W/ BATTERIES
- BLANKET
- EXTRA WINTER CLOTHING
- SNACK BARS, WATER
- SMALL SHOVEL
- SACK OF SAND OR KITTY LITTER
- JUMPER CABLES
- FLARES OR REFLECTORS
- WINDSHIELD WASHER FLUID



CLEAN-OFF
CLEAN OFF VEHICLE COMPLETELY!
CLEAN ALL LIGHTS
SCRAPE ALL WINDOWS AND
MIRRORS
SWEEP ALL THE SNOW/ ICE OFF THE
VEHICLE*
*REQUIRED BY PA LAW
Good all-around visibility is important!!!!!



Warm up -

- Do not race the engine
- · Do not idle for a very long time
- <u>DO NOT</u> idle in garage or enclosed area because of:

CARBON MONOXIDE

Attributes/Effects

- Odorless & Colorless
- Nausea, Headache, Dizziness
- Causes Drowsiness
- CAN BE FATAL



WINTER DRIVING TECHNIQUES

Reduced speed

- Increases ability to recognize and avoid the hazard
- · quickly enough by:
- · Gently steering
- Decelerating
- · Gently braking or stopping

Turn signals sooner.

· Gives other drivers more time to react.

TAP your brakes

· warns of intention to stop.

Increase following distance from the vehicle ahead.

Be aware of space from vehicles following you





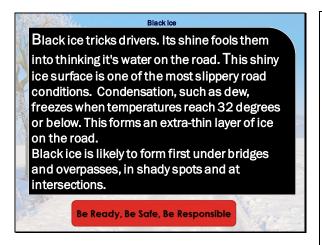
BLACK ICE

DANGEROUS BECAUSE YOU CAN'T SEE IT! Sometime looks like wet road COMMON AREAS YOU FIND IT:

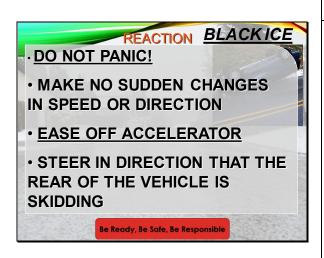
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Bridges/Overpasses/Underpasses

2. Shaded areas.

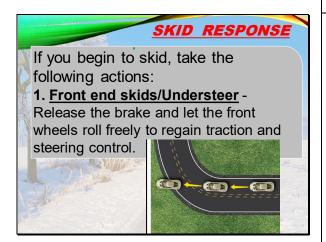


Black ice tricks drivers. Its shine fools them into thinking it's water on the road. This shiny ice surface is one of the most slippery road conditions. Condensation, such as dew, freezes when temperatures reach 32 degrees or below. This forms an extra-thin layer of ice on the road. Black ice is likely to form first under bridges and overpasses, in shady spots and at intersections.



BLACK ICE REACTION

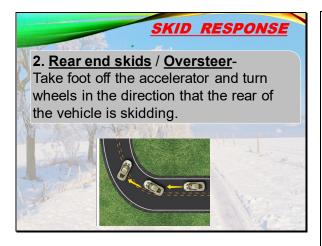
- DO NOT PANIC!
- MAKE NO SUDDEN CHANGES IN SPEED OR DIRECTION
- EASE OFF ACCELERATOR
- STEER IN DIRECTION THAT THE REAR OF THE VEHICLE IS SKIDDING



SKID REACTION

If you begin to skid, take the following actions:

1. <u>Front end skids</u> - Release the brake and let the front wheels roll freely to regain traction and steering control.



SKID REACTION

If you begin to skid, take the following a **2.** Rear end skids - Take foot off the accelerator and turn wheels in the direction that the rear of the vehicle is skidding.



SKID RESPONSE

Recognize that you are in a skid.

- Detect when the front of your vehicle changes from your intended path.
 Respond by:
- Releasing the brake or accelerator
- Look and steer where you want the vehicle to go! (open, safe path of travel)



SKID RESPONSE Counter-steering

Counter-steering means steering in the direction you want the front of the vehicle to go, toward your intended path of travel.

When you counter-steer, straighten the wheels as soon as you feel the rear of the vehicle begin to realign with your intended path of travel.

BRAKING RESPONSE

What is ABS?

- Each wheel is individually monitored by computer,
- does not allow the wheels to lockup and slide when the brakes are applied.
- · Allows for steering and full braking

What is ABS?

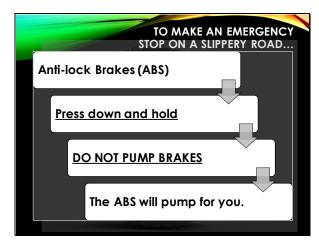
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WHAT ABS DOESN'T DO

- It DOESN'T shorten reaction distance or braking distance.
- It DOESN'T defy the laws of physics.
- It DOESN'T improve action time.
- It DOESN'T change the driver's response to recover from a skid.

What ABS Doesn't Do

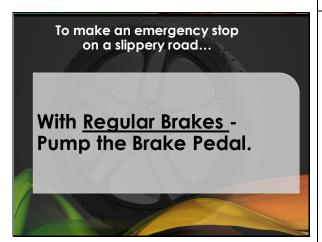
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To make an emergency stop on a slippery road...
Anti-lock Brakes (ABS)
Press down and hold
DO NOT PUMP BRAKES
The ABS will pump for you.

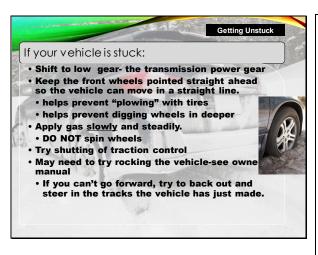


ABS Malfunction
ABS Symbol on Dash Panel
Conventional Brakes take over.



To make an emergency stop on a slippery road...

Regular Brakes Pump the Brake Pedal.



Getting Unstuck If your vehicle is stuck:

- Shift to low gear- the transmission power gear
- Keep the front wheels pointed straight ahead so the vehicle can move in a straight line.
 - helps prevent "plowing" with tires
 - helps prevent digging wheels in deeper
- Apply gas <u>slowly</u> and steadily.
 - DO NOT spin wheels
- Try shutting of traction control
- May need to try rocking the vehiclesee owner's manual
 - If you can't go forward, try to back out and steer in the tracks the vehicle has just made.



Rain Hazards

<u>Hydroplaning</u>-a vehicle sliding
uncontrollably on a wet road



Hydroplaning

Caused by:

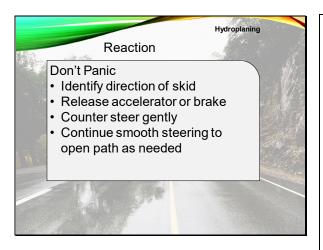
- Wet conditions
- · water on the road
- excessive speed
- · under-inflated tires
- low tire tread
- any combination of the above
 =tires lose contact with the roadway
 and lose traction.

1/10th inch of water speeds 35 mph and above



Reduce Driver Error

- Driving Too Fast For Conditions
 - Slow Down
- Sudden, Hard Braking, Steering, Acceleration
 - Smooth actions
- Tire Maintenance



Hydroplaning

Reaction

Don't Panic

- Identify direction of skid
- Release accelerator or brake
- Counter steer gently
- Continue smooth steering to open path as needed

